## Local Voice in Decision-Making at the School System Level Across Canada:

A Report Prepared for the Canadian School Boards Association

Dr. Katina Pollock

September 2023



## Have you read the report?

Local Voice in Decision-Making at the School System Level Across Canada:

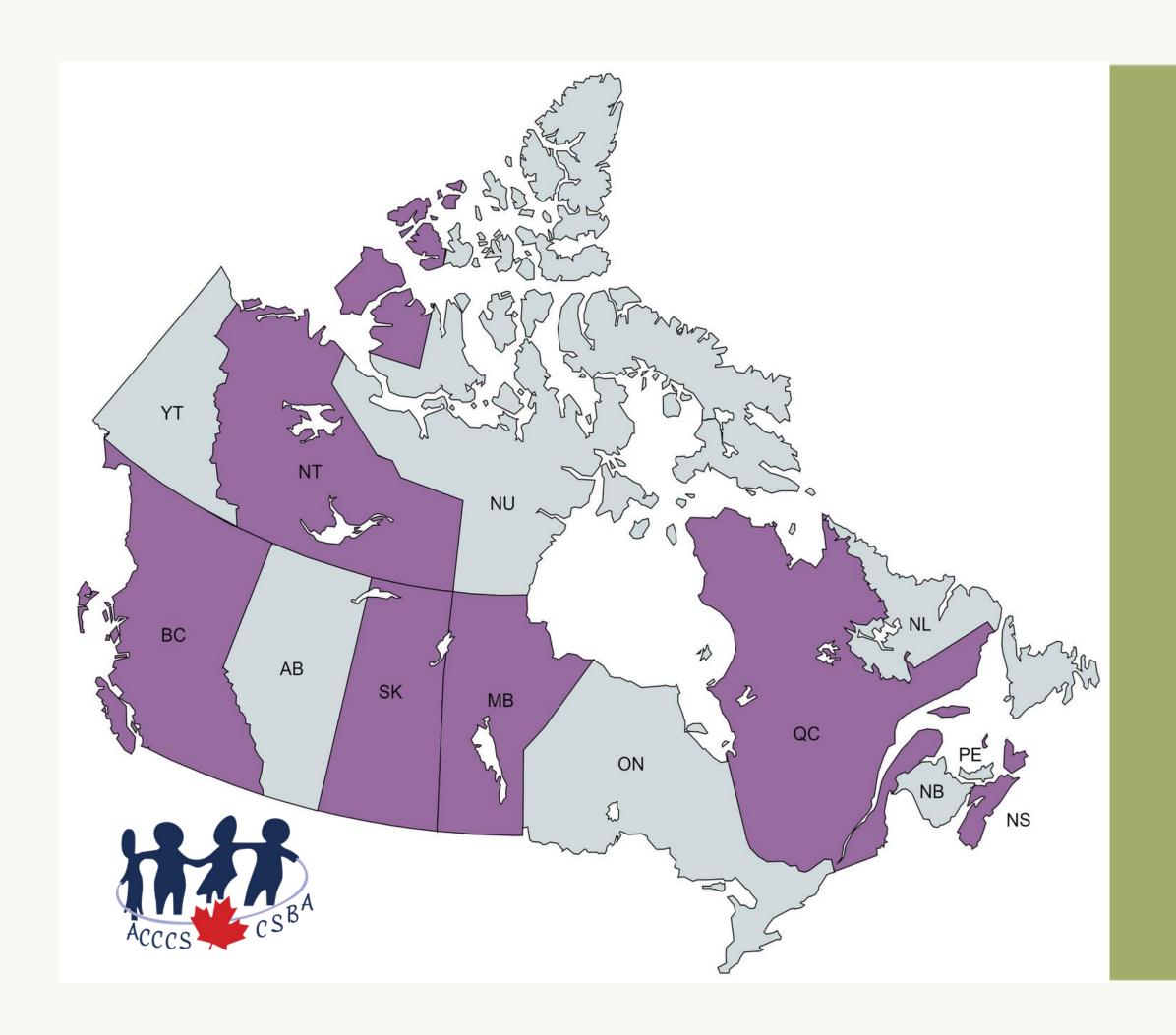
A Report Prepared for the Canadian School Boards Association



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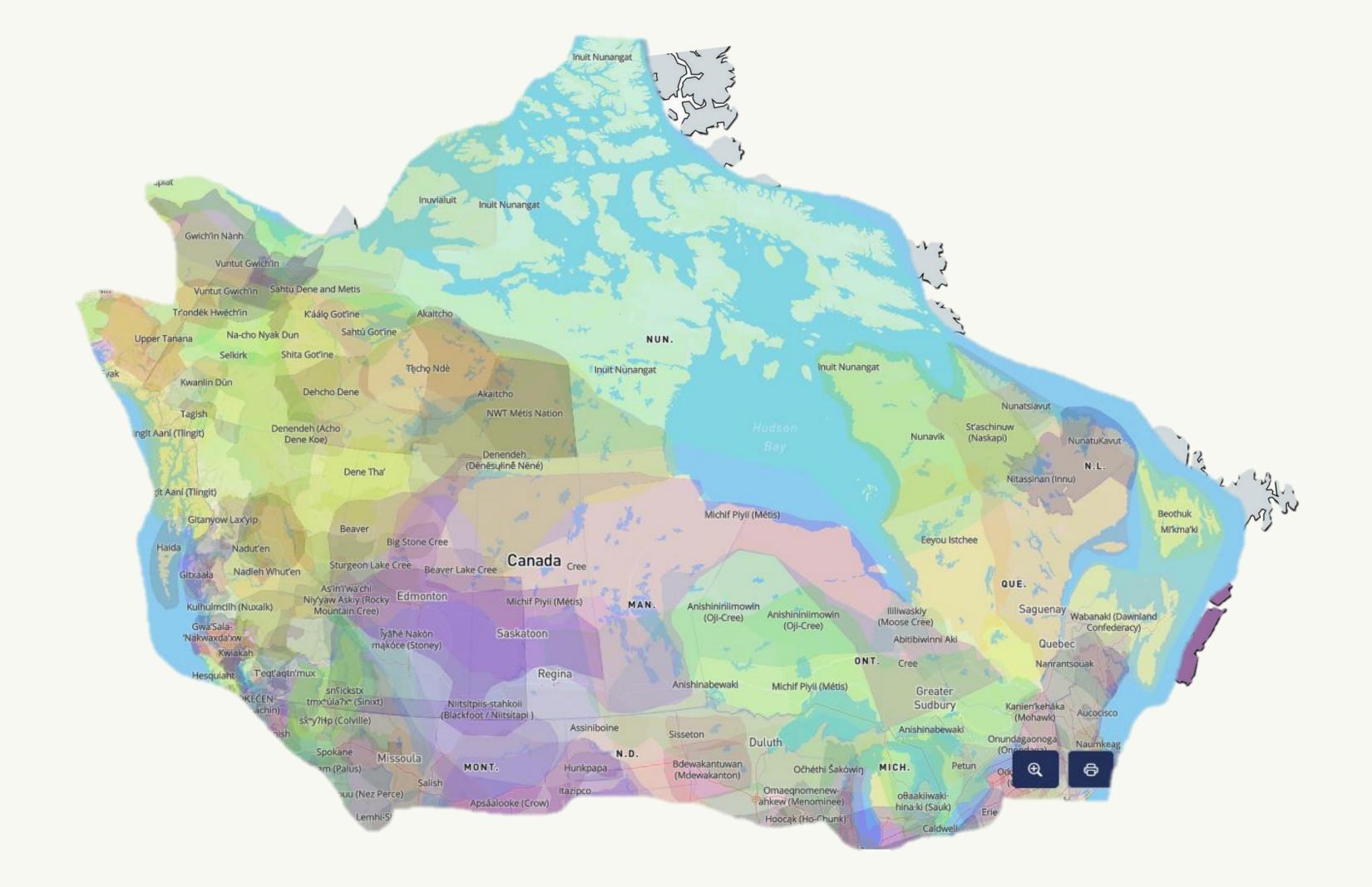
Have you read the report?



# Investigating local voice in K-12 school system decision-making

Dr. Katina Pollock, Western University and Ruth Nielsen, Western University Wednesday, July 3rd, 2024

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#### Acknowledgements

#### **Participants**

Interviews

Focus groups

Public consultation

#### **CSBA**

Funding

Staff who reviewed drafts

Trustees & administrators who provided feedback on

interjurisdictional scan

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## Study objectives

- Document the structure (and processes) for participation in school system-level decision-making.
- > Describe stakeholders' experiences.
- Explore the challenges experienced by key stakeholders.
- Report strategies stakeholders used to overcome identified challenges.



## Overall participation

## **Overall Participation**

Jurisdiction		# of Participants
British Columbia		138
Saskatchewan		127
Manitoba		389
Québec		75
Nova Scotia		66
Northwest Territories		67
	Total	862

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Page 27-174

# What is the purpose of public education?

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What is the purpose of public education?

#### KP

### Purposes of education

- Critical
- Religious
- Democratic
- Neoliberal
- Neoconservative
- Minority language rights





## Methodology

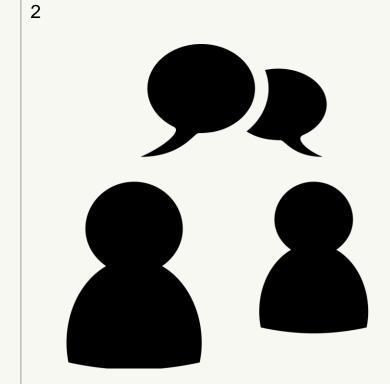
### Methodology



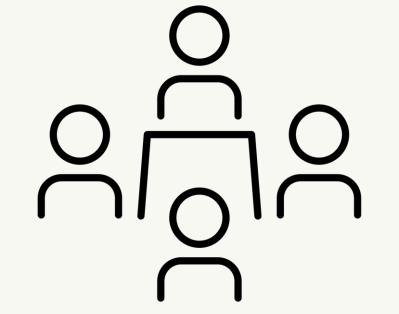
Interjurisdictional Scan



Public consultation 743



Interviews 99



Focus Groups

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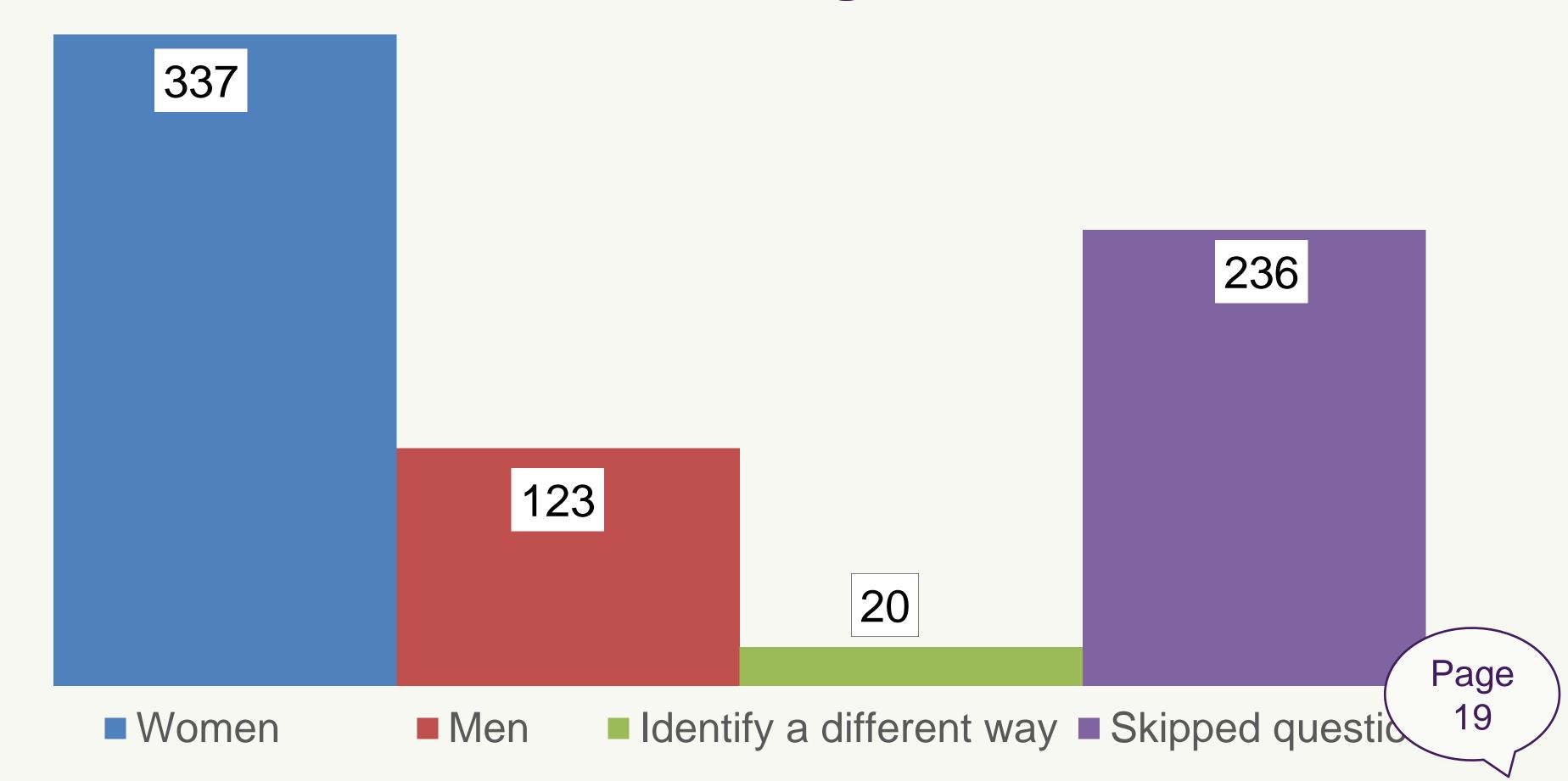
# Public consultation findings

#### Public consultation: Role

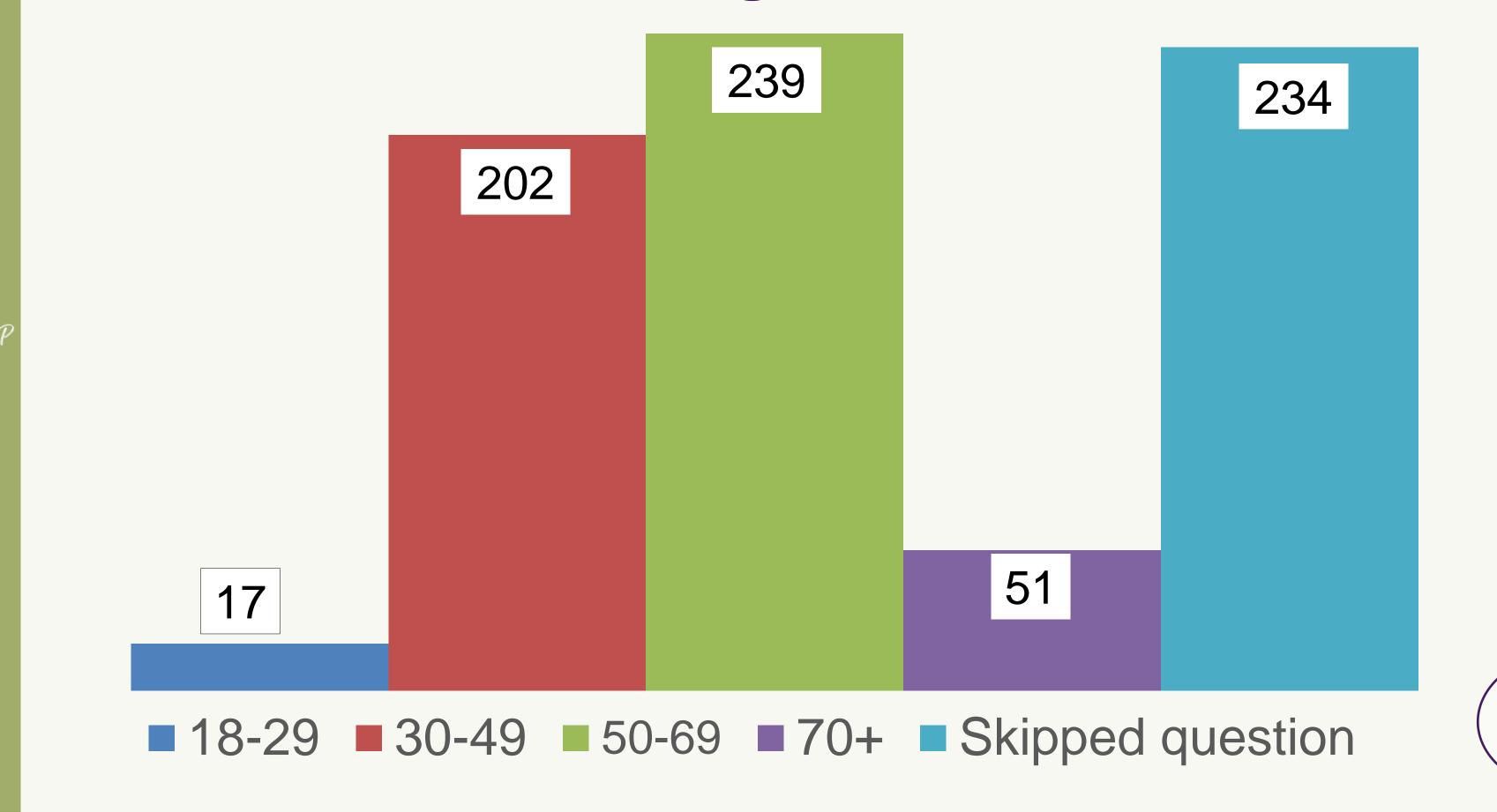
Role	# of Respondents	
Parent	296	
Educator	231	
Community member	214	
School system leader	88	
Trustee	74	
Other	108	



### Public consultation: Sex or gender



### Public consultation: Age



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### Public consultation: Ethnoracial identity

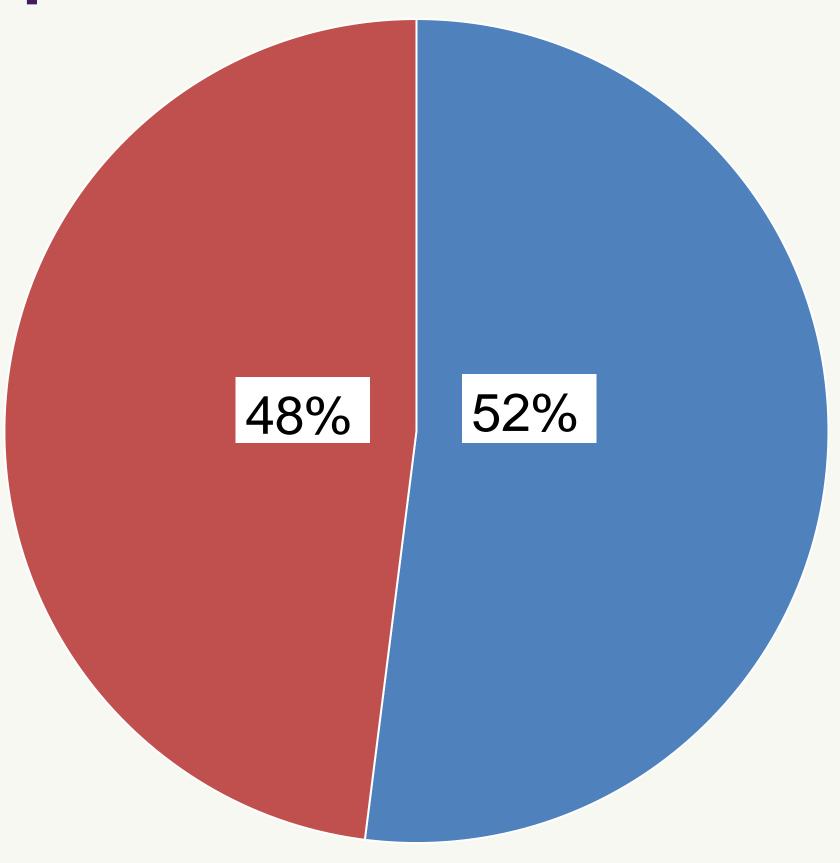
Ethnoracial identity	# of Respondents
White	354
First Nations, Métis, and Inuit	44
Black	9
South Asian	6
Prefer not to say	57
Skipped question	236



#### **Community representation**

#### Yes, because

- Decision-makers are elected / appointed by my community
- I know my
   community has a
   voice in
   decisions that
   are made
- There are clear systems for my community be involved



#### No, because

- My community does not have a voice in decisions
- My community does not have a relationship with the governing body
- There are no clear systems for involvement

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#### Who should or should not be involved?

#### Who should be involved Who should not be involved Educators **Politicians Parents** Anyone not directly **Students** connected to education as Community representatives parent or educator Indigenous representatives



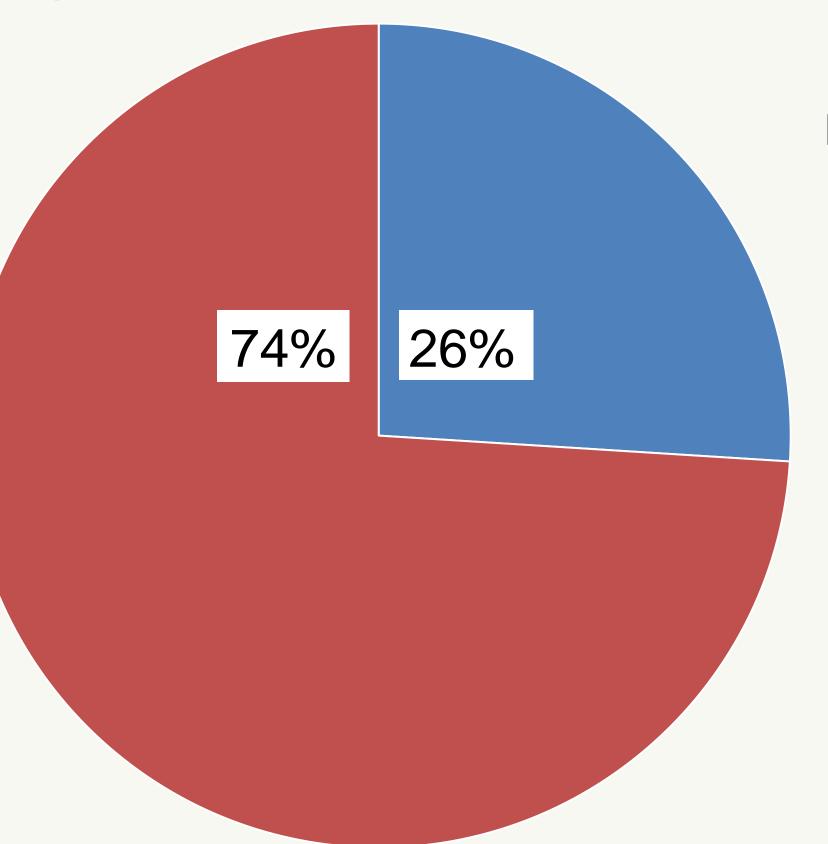
### Would anything be lost without elected boards?

Yes,

Avenue for local voice / participation

 Recognition of local differences and specific needs

 Ability to have a say in decision-making



No,

 Trustees on the board for personal gain

Board doesn't work
 effectively / efficiently

Don't believe the board is responsible for meaningful decision-making

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## Democracy

## What does democratic voice mean to you?

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What does democratic voice mean to you?

#### Value of democracy



Democracy is valued as a key feature of public education



Support for democratically elected school boards of trustees



Loss of school board control was seen as a threat to democracy

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## Impacts of restricted democratic participation in education – Across jurisdictions

- > Less public engagement in education
- > Less transparency in decision-making processes
- Less accountability of the education system to the public that is serves
- > Less perceived freedom to express opposing views





## Recommendations

- 1. Plan a public awareness campaign
- 2. Initiate a public campaign that clarifies the difference between governance and operations
- 3. Audit current K-12 civic and citizen education curricula learning outcomes
- 4. Work with the provincial and territorial governments to modify and update K-12 citizenship and social studies curricula
- 5. Increase clarity of participation processes
- 6. Implement linguistically diverse communication strategies
- 7. Conduct accessibility audits across jurisdictions
- 8. Expand and build partnerships and networks
- 9. Investigate ways to increase Indigenous involvement
- 10. Partner with Council of Ministers of Education Canada (CMEC) to advocate for voter eligibility
- 11. Implement a newcomer and refugee engagement strategy
- 12. Increase parent participation from underrepresented populations

- 13. Encourage the use of school parent councils
- 14. Encourage and support paths for parental involvement beyond the school sites to include system-level decision-making
- 15. Investigate ways to increase student and youth involvement in system-level decision-making
- 16. Encourage boards to implement a clear strategic plan
- 17. Implement strategic onboarding plans
- 18. Increase ongoing professional development
- 19. Encourage succession planning
- 20. Review requirements for those in decision-making roles for public education
- 21. Advocate for limits on number of trustee or commissioner terms
- 22. Create alternative engagement processes
- 23. Evaluate the CSBA's communication processes and consider including a knowledge mobilization (KMb) Approach

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24. Invest in incorporating effective information competer technology.



#### Increasing awareness





**Encouraging involvement** 

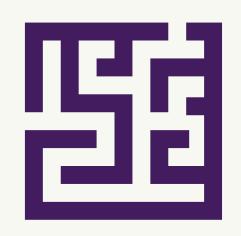


Internal processes

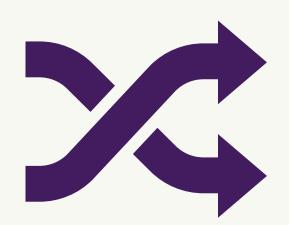
# Increasing awareness

#### Increasing awareness

## Challenge / Background



Canada's public education systems are diverse, highly complex, and difficult to navigate



Canada's public may be misinformed about the roles, powers, and operations of public education systems

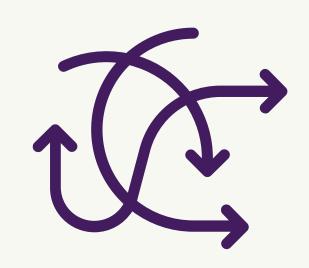
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### Public awareness campaign



Most did not know roles, responsibilities, structures, or processes



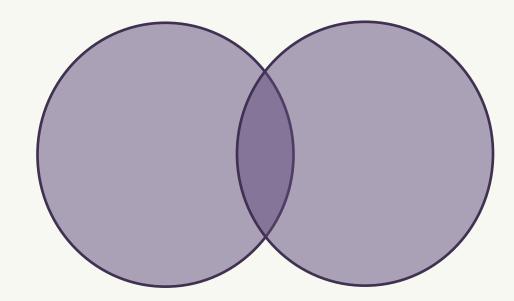
Difficulty explaining decisions and participation to the public



**Democratic Deficit:** Failure to provide access to the knowledge required to make informed decisions



#### Governance vs. operations



#### Overall tension about the role of governance and the role of operations

- Internal disagreement about the best level of separation or overlap
- Tension was higher and more impactful in more rural and remote jurisdictions
- Consensus re: general public's misunderstanding of the differences
- Less disagreement resulted in clearer avenues for participation



#### Public awareness campaign

#### Recommendations

- Plan a public awareness campaign (1)
- Initiate a public campaign that clarifies the difference between governance and operations (2)





#### Review public education

There is little to no mention of any democratic processes associated with K–12 public education governance.





#### Review public education

#### Recommendations

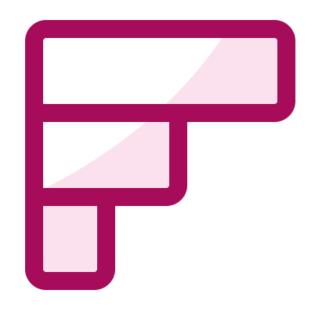
- Audit current K-12 civic and citizen education learning outcomes (3)
- Work with provincial and territorial governments to modify and update K-12 citizenship and social studies curricula (4)





# Of these recommendations, which can your team work towards?

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Select the top two that your board can work towards

### **Encouraging involvement**

#### Encouraging involvement

#### Challenge / Background



Disinterest / apathy



Low diversity



Special interest groups

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VP

#### Overall involvement

#### Recommendations

- Increase clarity of participation processes (5)
- Conduct accessibility audits across jurisdictions (7)
- Expand and build partnerships (8)

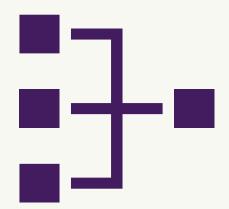




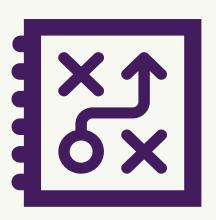
#### Parent involvement



Parents were involved at the school site



There are opportunities for system-level involvement



Parents did not know how to get involved at the system-level

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#### Recommendations

- Increase parent participation from underrepresented populations (12)
- Encourage the use of school parent councils (13)
- Encourage and support paths for parental involvement beyond the school sites to include system-level decision-making (14)





#### Immigrant and new Canadian involvement



Non-Canadian citizens cannot participate



Increasing immigrant and refugee populations, including school-aged children



Further exclusion by language, system awareness, and sense of belonging

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#### Immigrant and new Canadian involvement

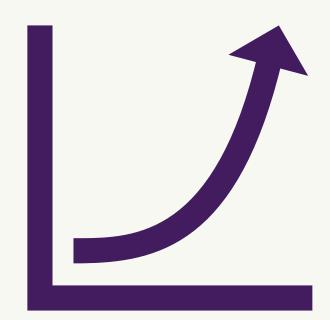
#### Recommendations

- Implement linguistically diverse communication strategies (6)
- Expand and build partnerships and networks (8)
- Partner with Council of Ministers of Education (CMEC) to advocate for voter eligibility (10)
- Implement a newcomer and refugee engagement strategy (11)

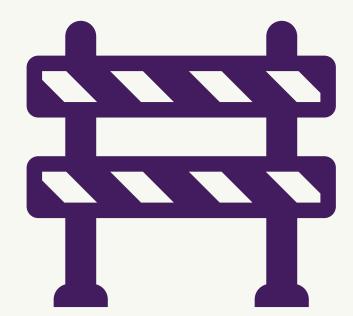




#### Indigenous involvement



- Increasing Indigenous population
- Original peoples and caretakers
- Support TRC Calls to Action



- Geographic barriers
- Legislative barriers
- Social barriers



#### Indigenous involvement

#### Recommendations

Investigate ways to increase Indigenous involvement (9)

• i.e.: through meaningful relationship and discussion



#### Student and youth involvement

The voices of those who have more recently been influenced by the daily operations of public education could be missing from decision-making in the jurisdictions represented.



#### Student and youth involvement

#### Recommendations

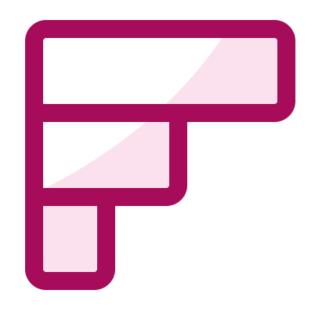
 Investigate ways to increase student and youth involvement in system-level decision-making (15)





# Of these recommendations, which can your team work towards?

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Select the top two that your board can work towards

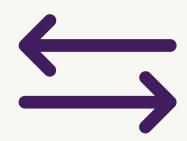
### Internal processes

#### Internal processes

#### Challenge / Background



Low role mobility in some jurisdictions



Lack of internal cohesion on issues



Communication challenges



Internal (mis)understanding



#### Overall processes

#### Recommendations

- Review requirements for those in decision-making roles for public education (20)
- Advocate for limits on number of trustee or commissioner terms
   (21)
- Create alternative engagement processes (22)
- Evaluate CSBA's communication processes and consider including a knowledge mobilization (KMb) approach (23)
- Invest in incorporating effective information communication technology (24)

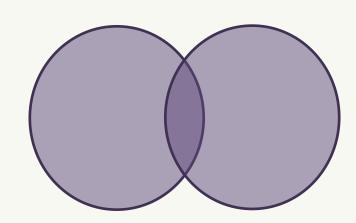
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#### Strategic planning



Effective and efficient decision-making processes



Tension around role of governance and operations



Conflict in balancing individual interest and group responsibility

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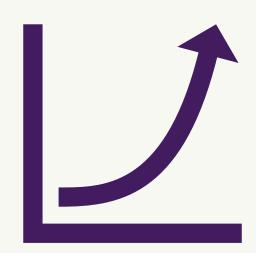
#### Strategic planning

#### Recommendations

Encourage boards to implement a clear strategic plan (16)



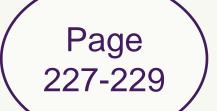
#### Trustee professional development



Very high learning curve



Argument against publicly elected boards



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#### Trustee professional development

#### Recommendations

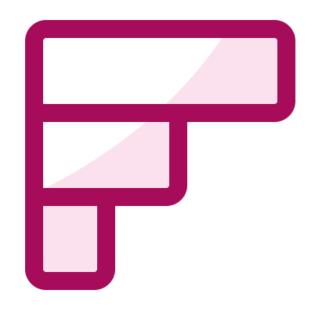
- Implement strategic onboarding plans (17)
- Increase ongoing professional development (18)
- Encourage succession planning (19)





# Of these recommendations, which can your team work towards?

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Select the top two that your board can work towards

- 1. Plan a public awareness campaign
- 2. Initiate a public campaign that clarifies the difference between governance and operations
- 3. Audit current K-12 civic and citizen education curricula learning outcomes
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24. Invest in incorporating effective information competer technology.

### Contact information

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- Research inquiries

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- Project and research inquiries

#### Questions?

#### Unused slides

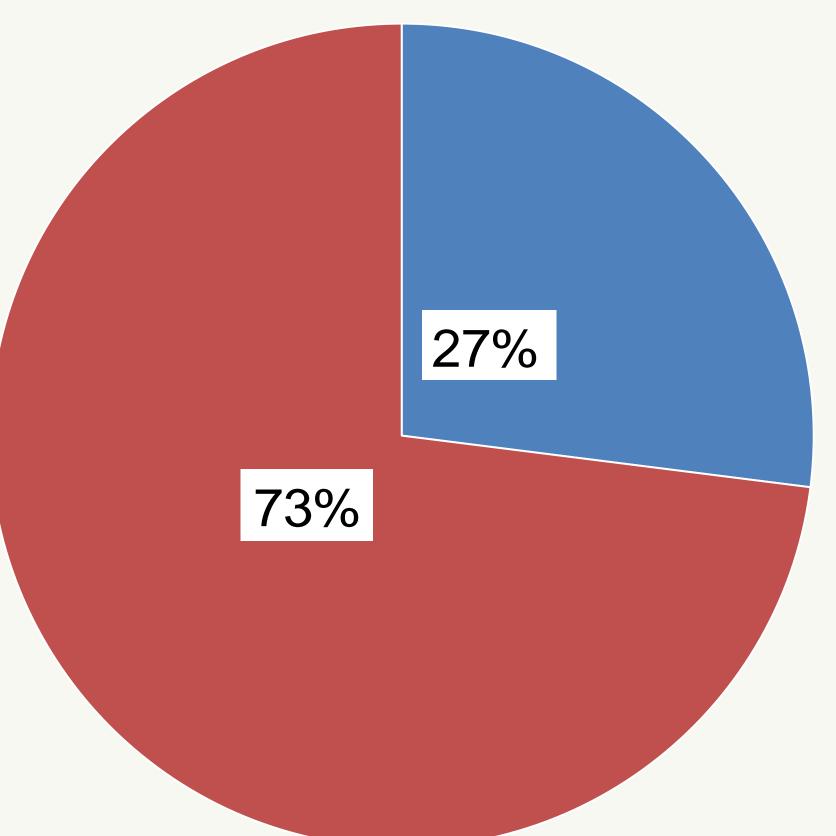
#### Internal processes

Short-Term	Medium-Term	Long-Term
<ul> <li>Increase ongoing professional development</li> </ul>	Implement strategic onboarding plans	Review requirements for those in decision-making roles
Encourage succession planning	Advocate for limits on number of trustee terms	Evaluate communication processes and consider a knowledge mobilization approach
		<ul> <li>Invest in incorporating effective information technology</li> <li>Page #</li> </ul>

#### Did you vote in the last election?

#### Yes,

- Wanted have a say in who was elected
- Were interested in school boards
- Knew where and how to vote

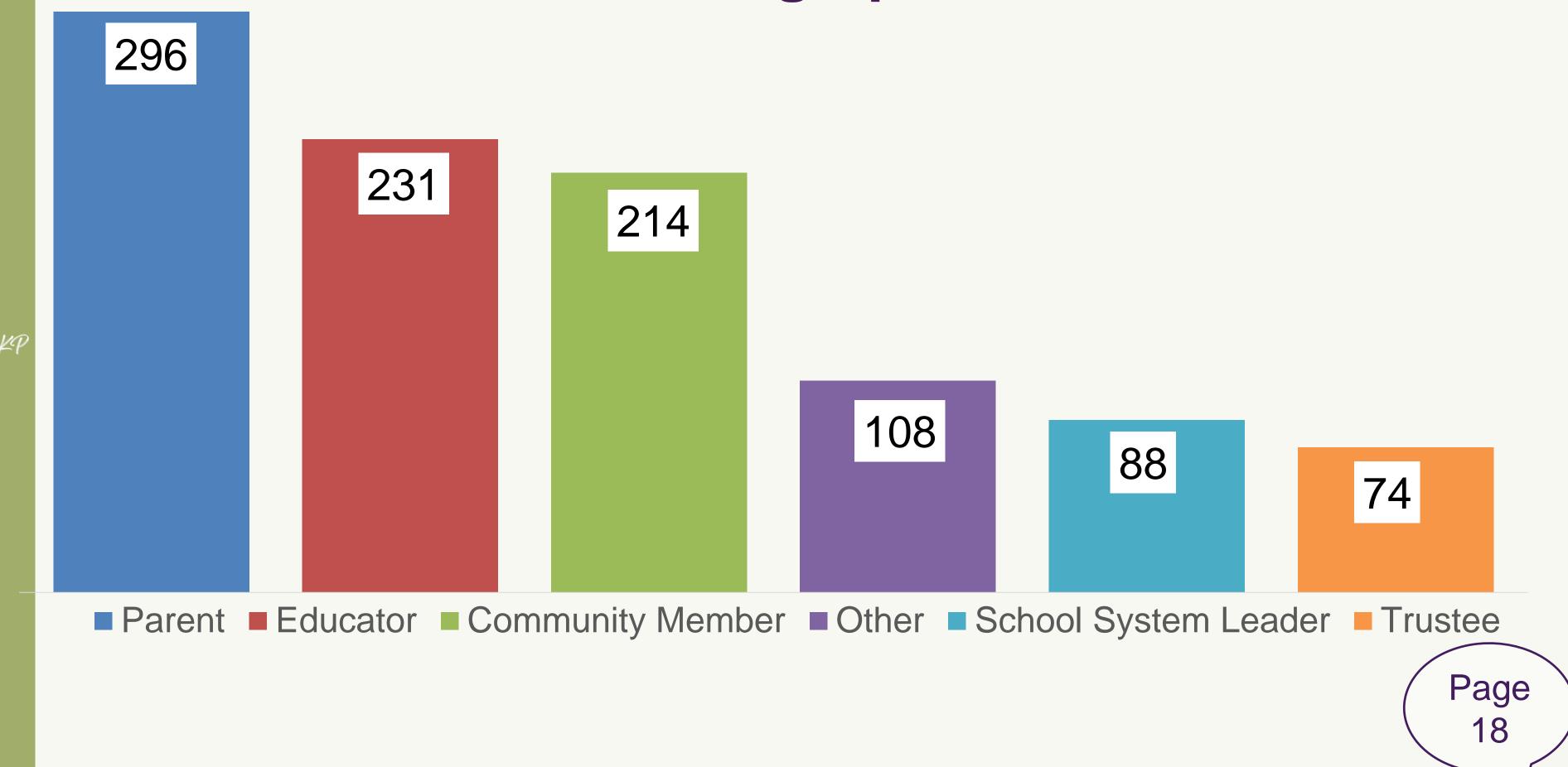


No,

- Didn't know the candidates
- Didn't know when the election was or how to vote
- There was no election because candidates
   were acclaimed

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#### Public consultation demographics









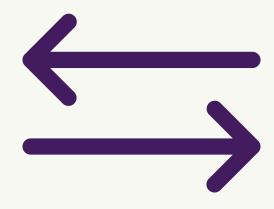
To have their voices heard regarding changes in public education

General curiosity in the study

Found process informative and educational

#### Motivations around change







**Resisting change** 

Reacting to change

Advocating for change Page 196

#### Methodology



Interjurisdictional
Scan
Sept. 2021 – Aug. 2022

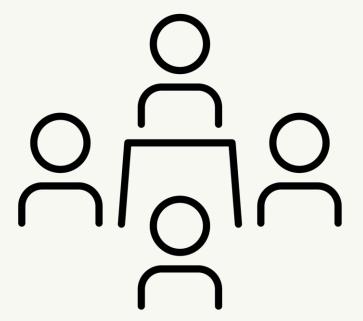
- Current events, news, etc.
- Provincial and Territorial Education Acts
- School Board Association regulations
- Policies and regulations for English school system, French school system, and Indigenous schooling organizations
- Statistics Canada



#### Methodology



Interviews
Jan. 2022 – Mar. 2023
99 participants

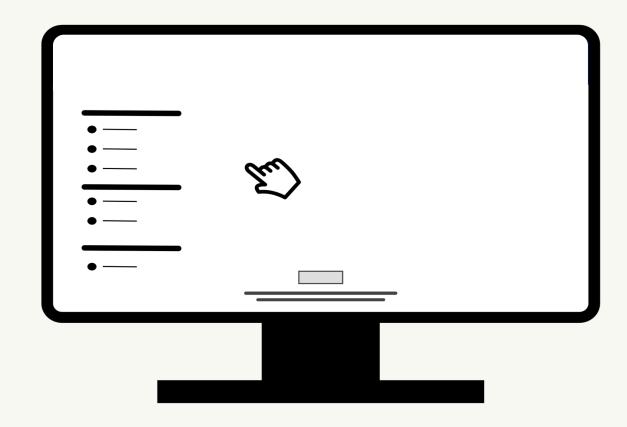


Focus Groups
Oct. 2022 – Feb. 2023
22 participants

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#### Methodology



Public Consultation Feb. 2023 – Mar. 2023 743 participants



